

Quark Mixing at nuMC Experiments



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Outline:

- Motivation
- Experimental overview: beam & detectors
- Summary of potential neutrino interaction measurements
- CKM measurements from c,b production
- Top production?
- Conclusions

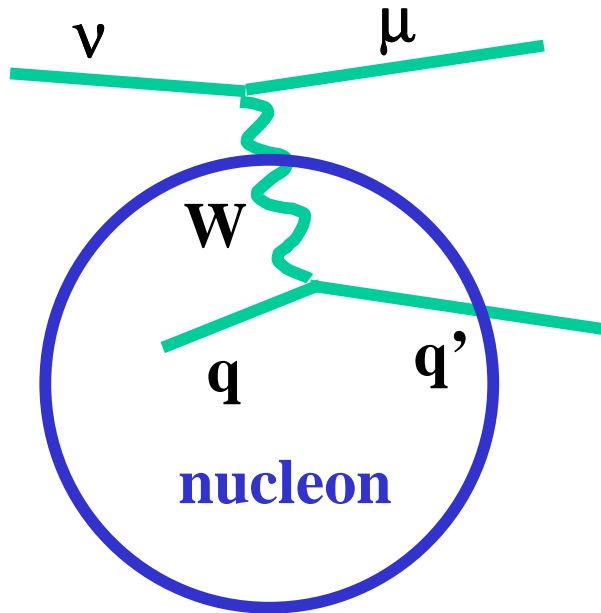


MOTIVATION

WHY CKM MEASUREMENTS USING NEUTRINOS ARE ENTIRELY UNIQUE & COMPLEMENTARY



νN DIS

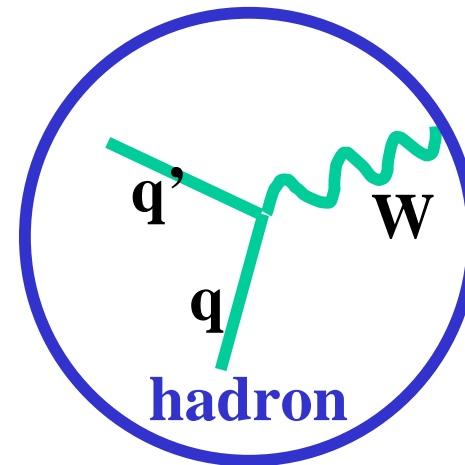


external W probe

fairly high $Q \Rightarrow$ "quasi-free" quarks

measure several $|V_j|^2$

All other CKM measurements



internal W interaction

lower $Q \Rightarrow$ "messier" initial state

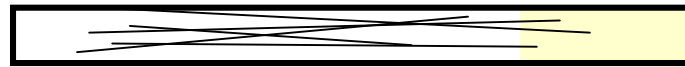
usually measure $V_j V_k^*$ interference terms



NEUTRINO BEAMLINES

TYPES OF ACCELERATOR-BASED NEUTRINO BEAMS μ

"CONVENTIONAL" or "SUPERBEAMS"



pi,K decays in decay pipe

$$\pi^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu$$

several hundred
meters of shielding

E_ν to ~50 GeV (future)

detector

NEUTRINO FACTORY

$$E_\mu \sim 20-50 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\mu^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\mu$$

detector

E_ν to ~50 GeV

progressively
better
optimized for
neutrino
interaction
physics

MUON COLLIDER

$$\mu^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\mu$$

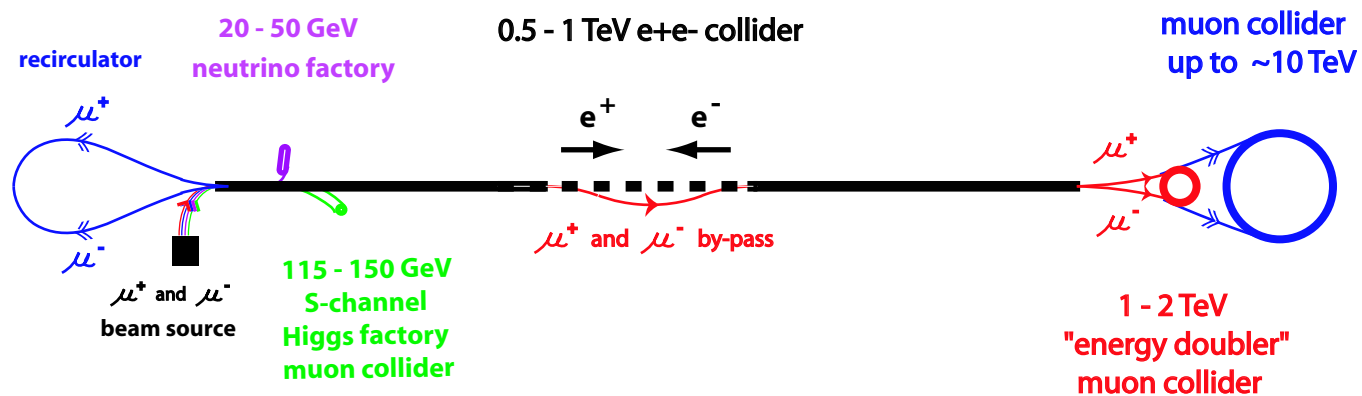
detector

E_ν to many TeV

A POTENTIAL REALIZATION: LINEAR e^+e^- COLLIDER + MUON COLLIDER

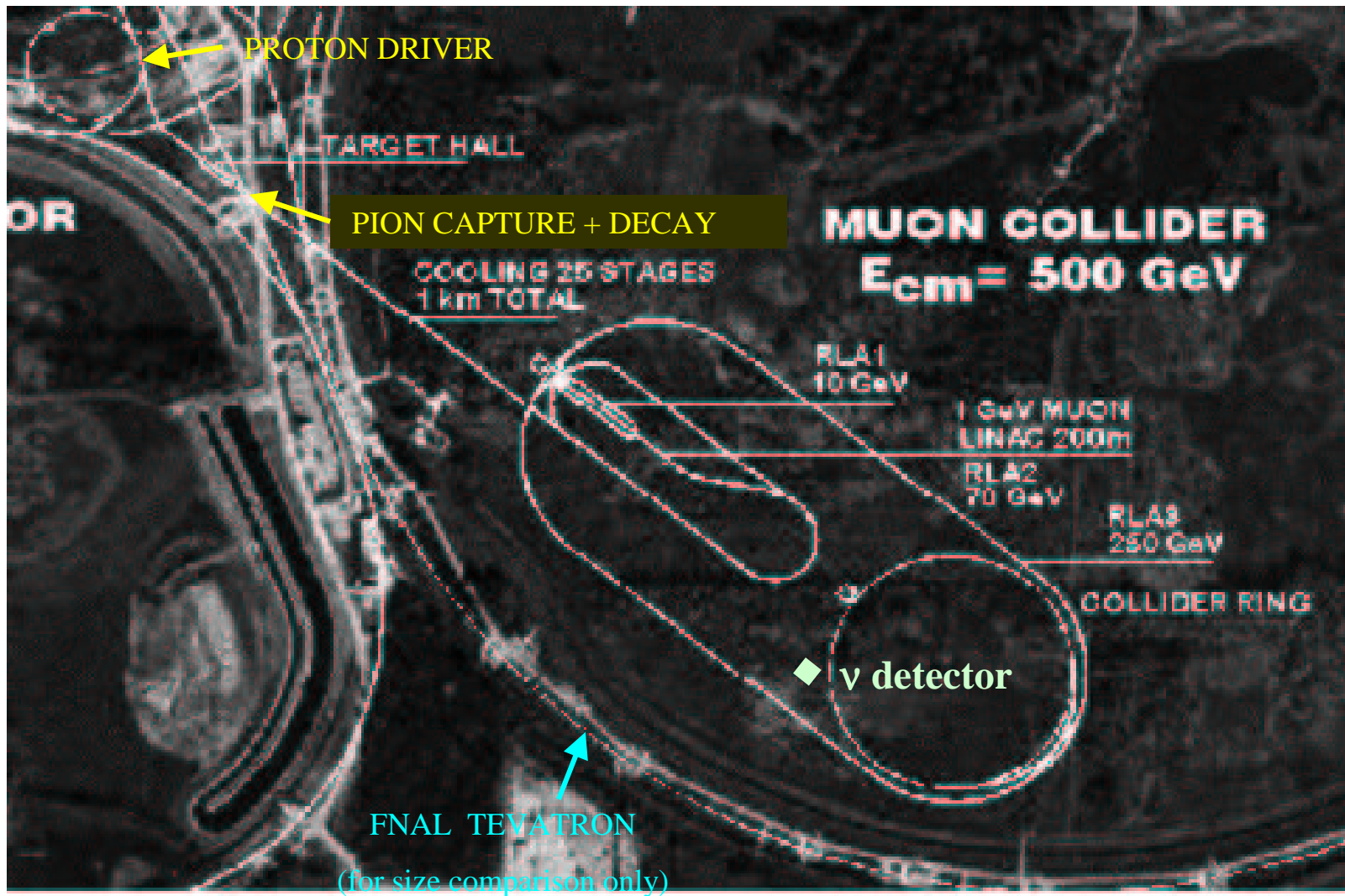


First discussed by D. Neuffer, H. Edwards & D. Finley in Proc. Snowmass'96



(M1+M3 joint session, Tuesday am, 17 July)

The Parts of a Muon Collider



Ref. “Status of Muon Collider Research and Development and Future Plans”,
the Muon Collider Collaboration (108 authors),
to be published in Phys. Rev. Special Topics - Accelerators and Beams

Short Baseline (SB) & Long Baseline (LB) Experiments



250+250 GeV
muon collider
ring

$$\mu^- \rightarrow \nu_\mu + \bar{\nu}_e + e^-$$

SB general purpose detector

$$5 \times 10^7 \times l [\text{g.cm}^{-2}] \text{ events/year}^*$$

WOW

2.6	$\nu_\mu - \text{CC}$
0.8	$\nu_\mu - \text{NC}$
1.4	$\bar{\nu}_e - \text{CC}$
0.5	$\bar{\nu}_e - \text{NC}$

LB detector for ν oscillations

$$3 \times 10^7 \times \frac{M[\text{kg}]}{(L[\text{km}])^2} \text{ events/year}^*$$

WOW

1.4	$\nu_\mu - \text{CC}$
0.4	$\nu_\mu - \text{NC}$
0.7	$\bar{\nu}_e - \text{CC}$
0.2	$\bar{\nu}_e - \text{NC}$

$$\Delta\theta_\nu \sim \frac{1}{\gamma_\mu}$$

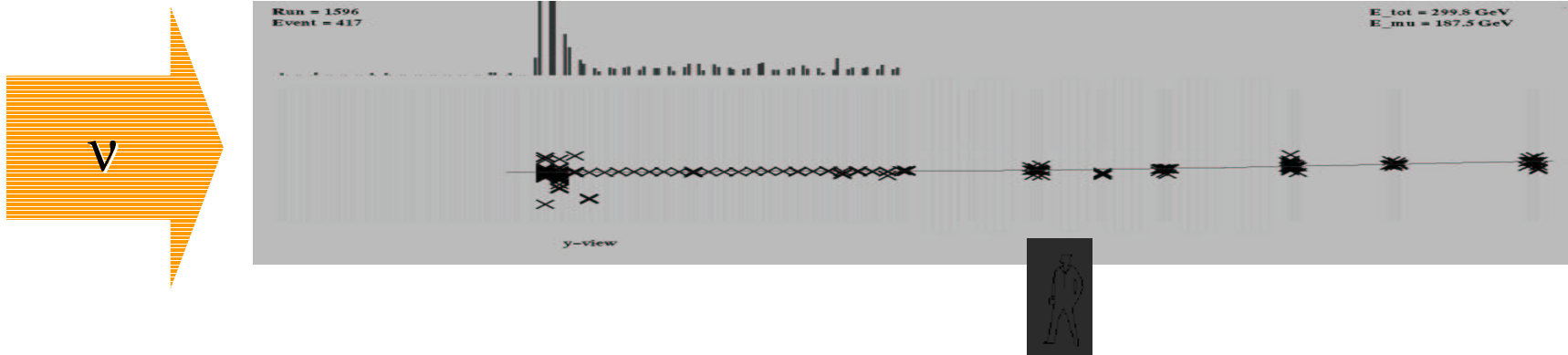
*assumes 250+250 GeV muon collider, 200 m straight section & $6 \times 10^{20} \nu^-/\text{year}$



NOT YOUR GRANDMA'S NEUTRINO DETECTOR ...

Today's High-Rate Neutrino Detector (FNAL Lab E) μ

(based on design concepts from c. 1960)



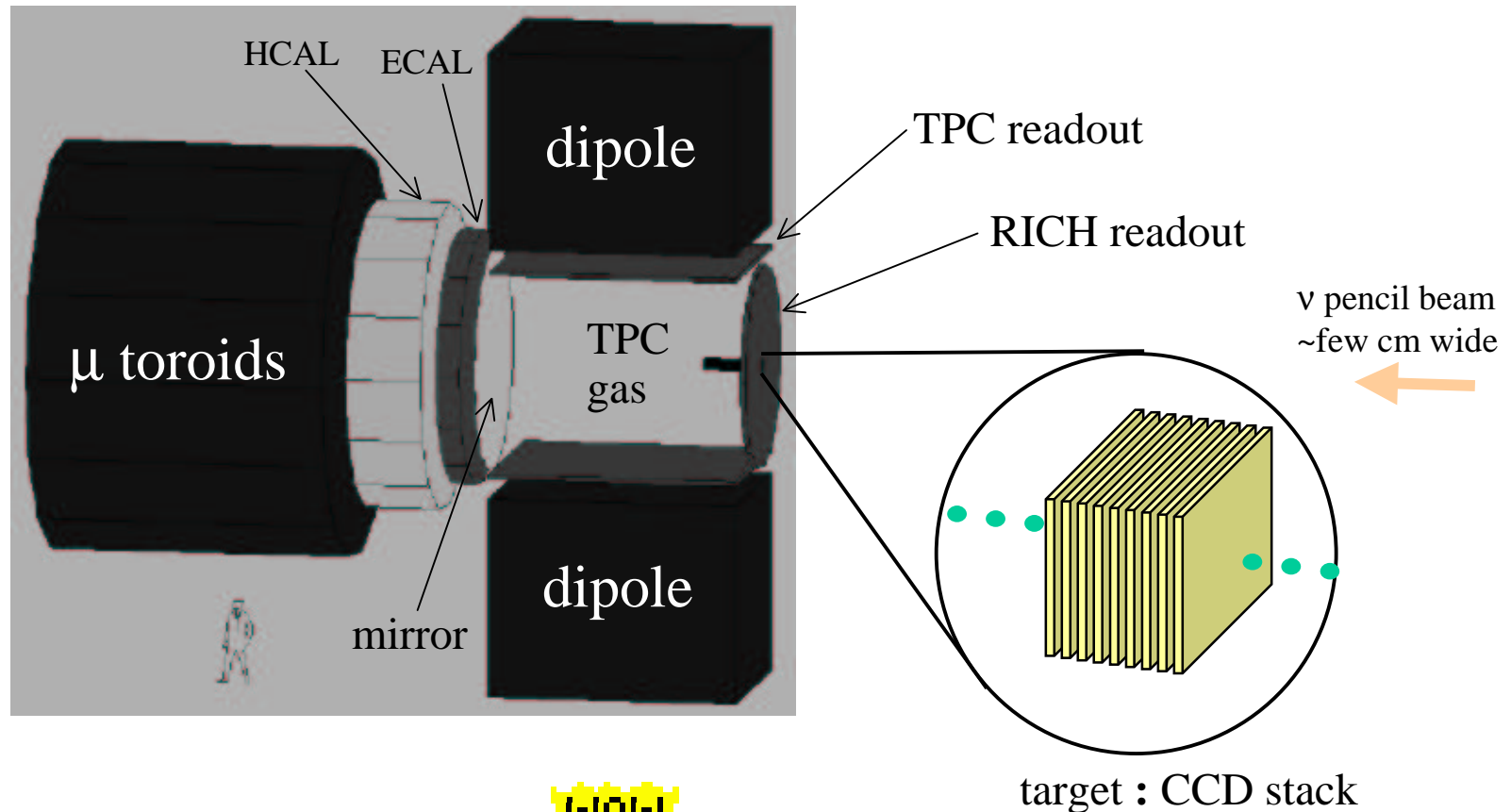
- 690 ton calorimetric ν target $\Rightarrow O(10^6)$ events/year
- "minimalist" event reconstruction:

3 variables for charged current (CC) events: E_{had} , p_{μ} & θ_{μ}

1 variable for neutral current (NC) events: E_{had}

At muon colliders, this can be replaced by ... (next slide)

A High Performance, General Purpose SB Detector*

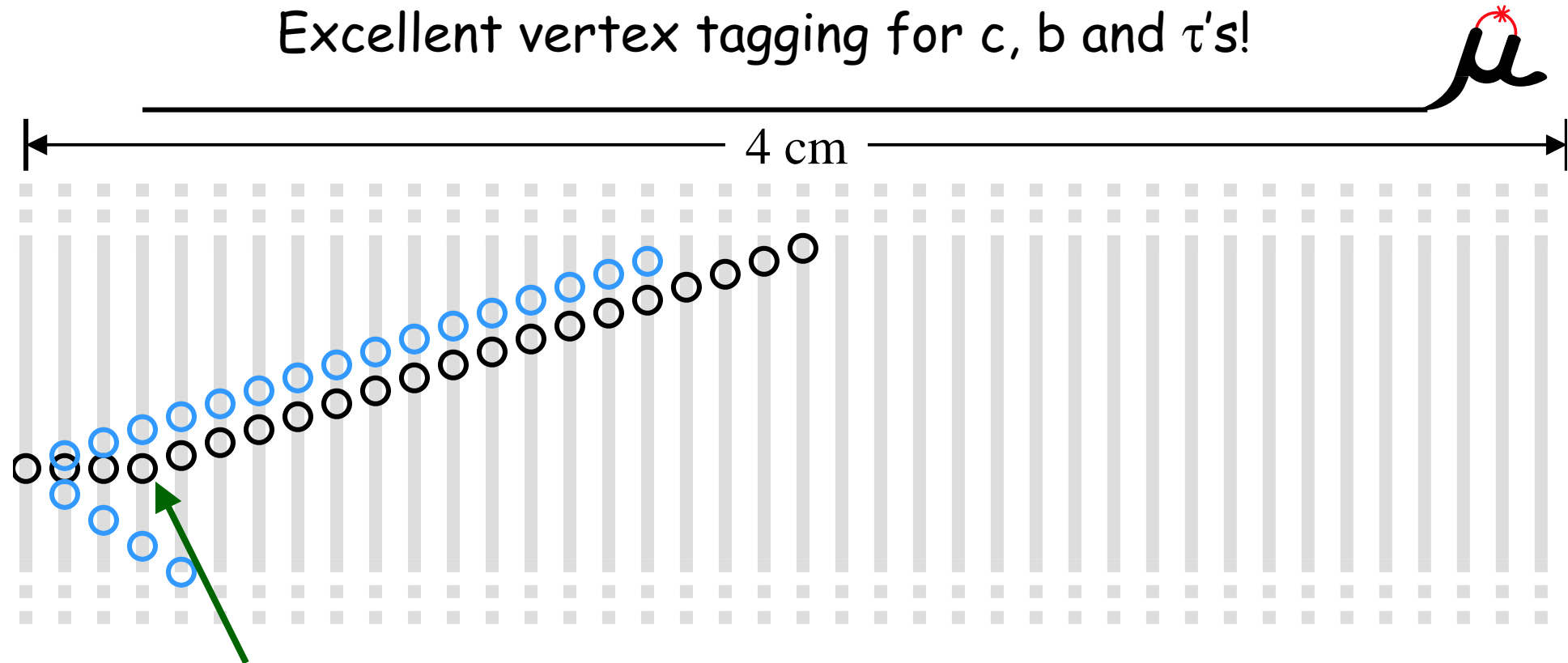


WOW

- HUGE statistics: 50 g/cm² target => ~10¹⁰ interesting events in 3 years
- outstanding event reconstruction: CC & NC event kinematics, full particle ID includes excellent vertexing of charm, beauty hadrons

*ref: BJK, "Neutrino Physics at a Muon Collider", FNAL Workshop, Nov.'97, AIP Proc. 435

Excellent vertex tagging for c, b and τ 's!



1-prong charm & tau decays made easy!

c.f. best collider vertexing so far
(SLD detector, same scale)



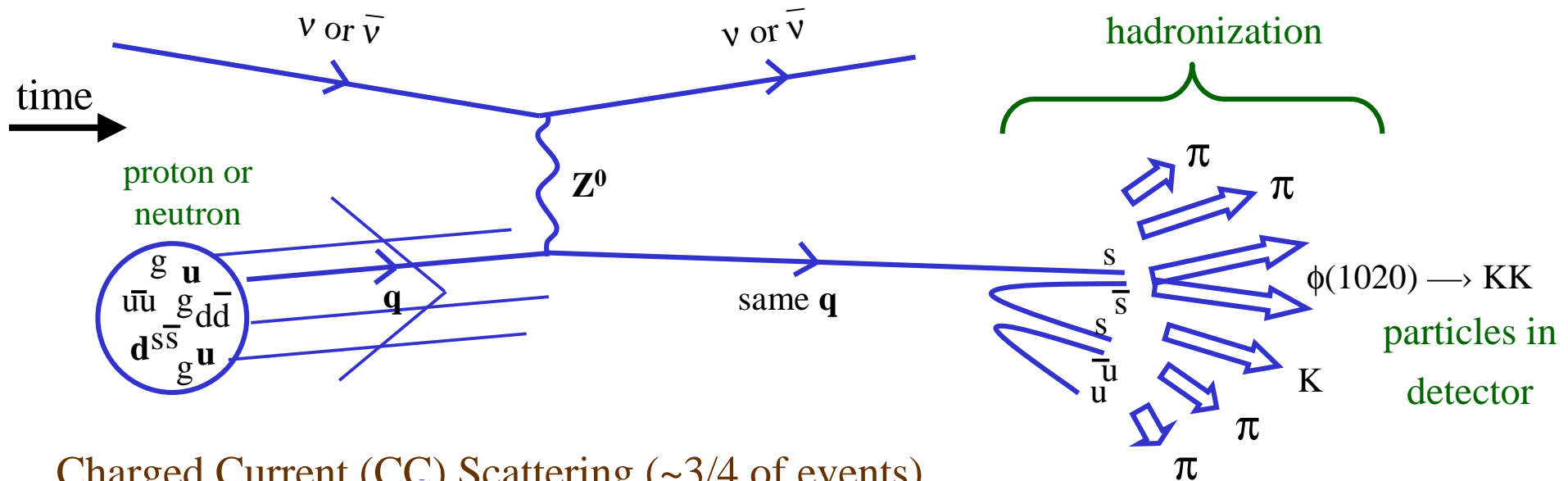


NEUTRINO INTERACTION PHYSICS FROM MUON STORAGE RINGS

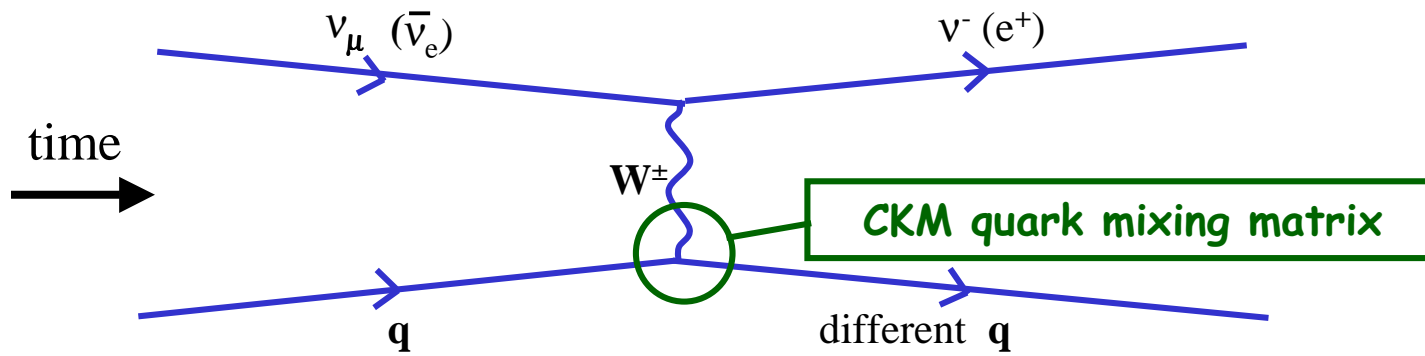
ν N DIS: testing ground for the weak interaction OR 3 simple probes of a complicated target



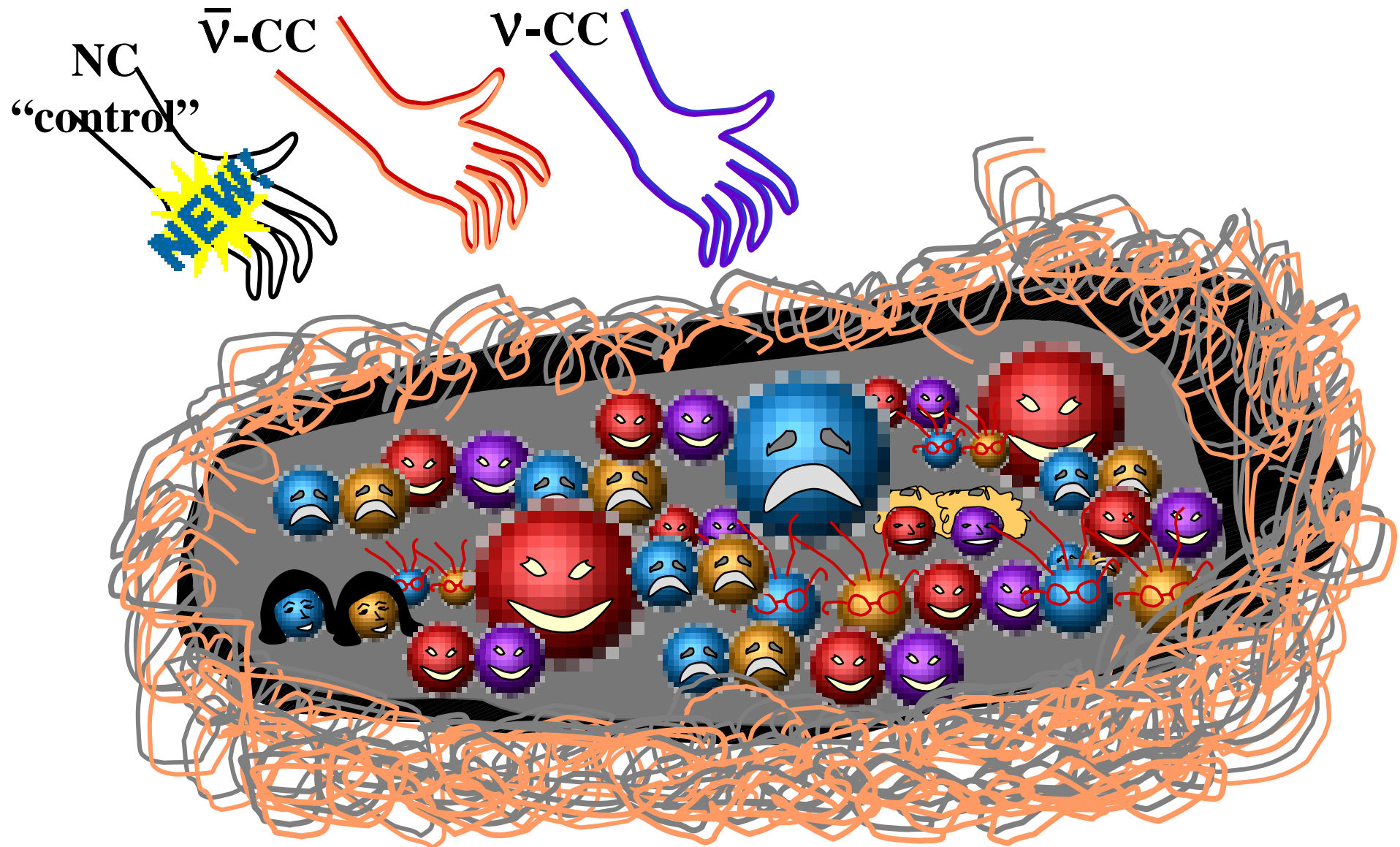
Neutral Current (NC) Scattering (~1/4 of events)



Charged Current (CC) Scattering (~3/4 of events)



An artist's conception: 3 probes of the nucleon: μ



Neutrino Interaction Topics at Muon Storage Rings



Ref. "The Potential for Neutrino Physics at Muon Colliders and Dedicated High Current Muon Storage Rings", Bigi, Bolton, Formaggio, Harris, Kayser, King, McFarland, Morfin, Petrov, Schellman, Shrock, Spentzouris, Velasco & Yu, to be published as a Physics Report, preprint available at Snowmass on Muon Collaboration's "Recent Reports" CD.

- **CKM measurements**
- determine detailed quark-by-quark structure of nucleon, including spin
- precise QCD tests
- precise tests of electroweak theory
- a new realm to search for exotic physics processes
- a powerful charm factory
- a new laboratory to study nuclear physics with neutrino beams

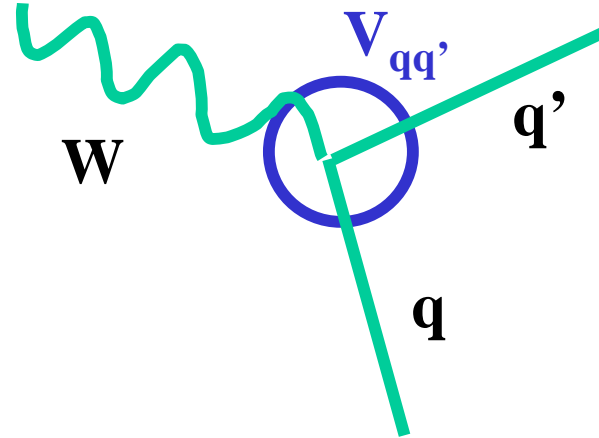


MEASUREMENTS OF QUARK MIXING & THE CKM MATRIX

Quark Mixing: Poorly Understood & Poorly Measured μ

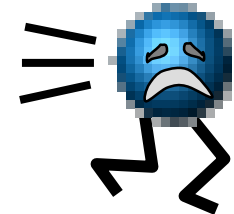
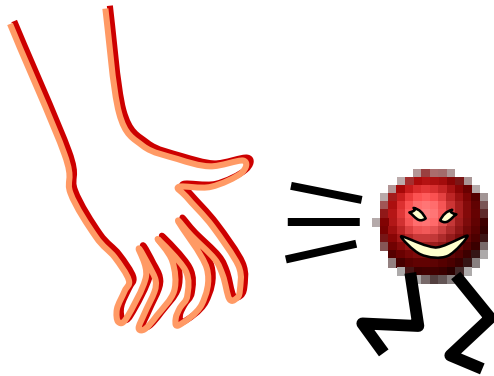
- Charged current (CC) weak coupling between different quark generations is not seen in QCD, EM, NC or CC with charged leptons.

WHY?

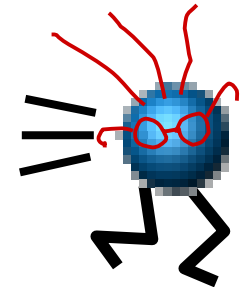


- SM hypothesis: 3×3 $V_{qq'}$ is unitary, the “CKM matrix”.
- CP violation: particle properties \neq anti-particle properties. **WHY?**
Unconfirmed SM explanation/parameterization is a complex phase in the CKM matrix. (But now have BaBar results - hot off the press)

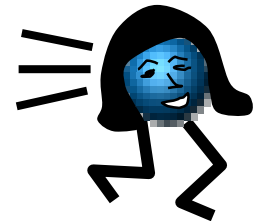
Artists Conception: Quark Mixing in Action!



or



or



With mixing probabilities...*

		d	s	b
u		0.95	0.05	1×10^{-5}
c		0.05	0.95	0.002
t		1×10^{-4}	0.001	1

*neglecting quark masses

Summary of Experimental Method

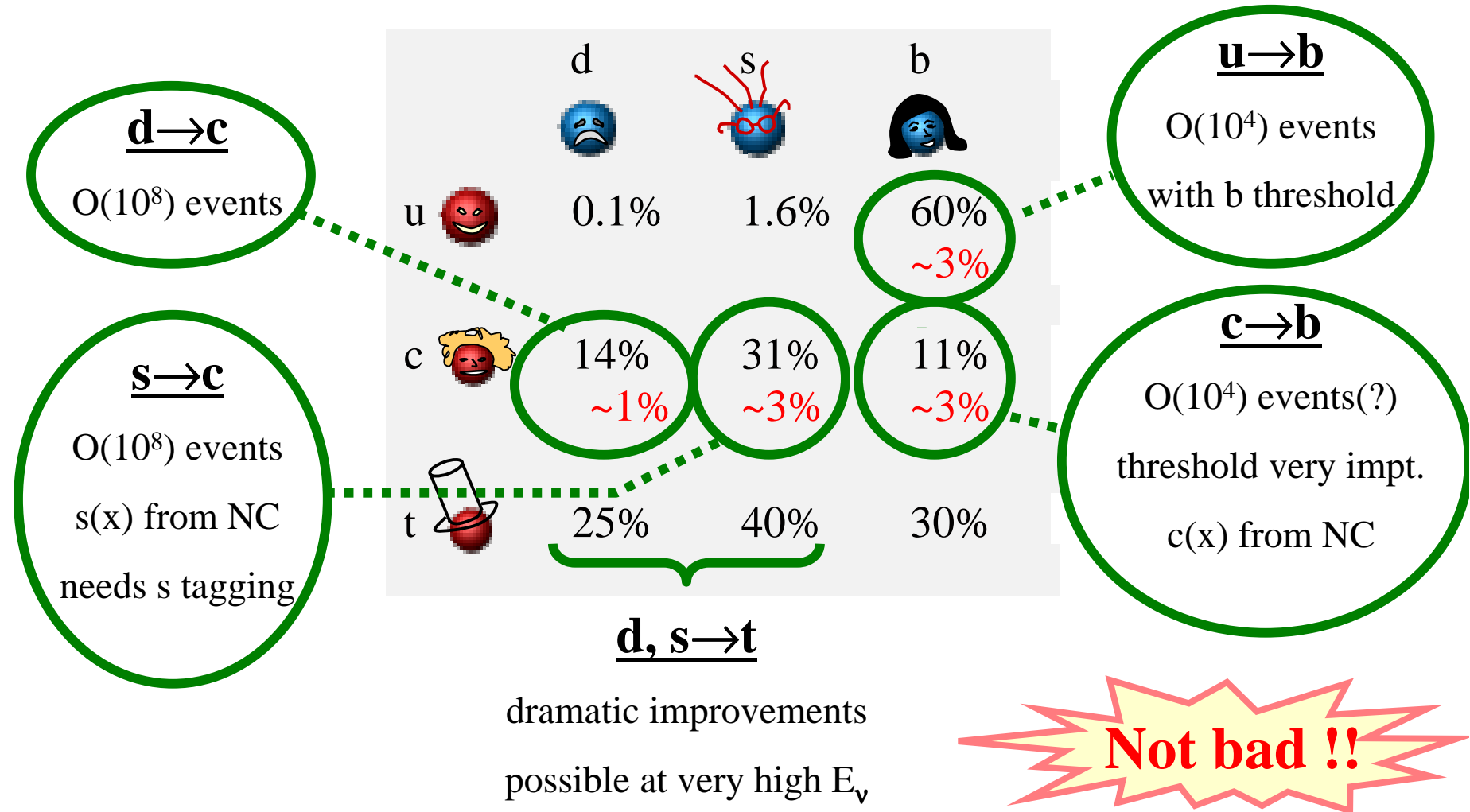


- Measure the fractions of c & b quark production in CC interactions => absolute squares of CKM elements, up to mass threshold suppression and other corrections
- Systematic handle: separate valence and sea quark contributions by comparing neutrino vs. antineutrino rates.
- Prototypical analysis is extraction of $|V_{cd}|$ in today's neutrino experiments.

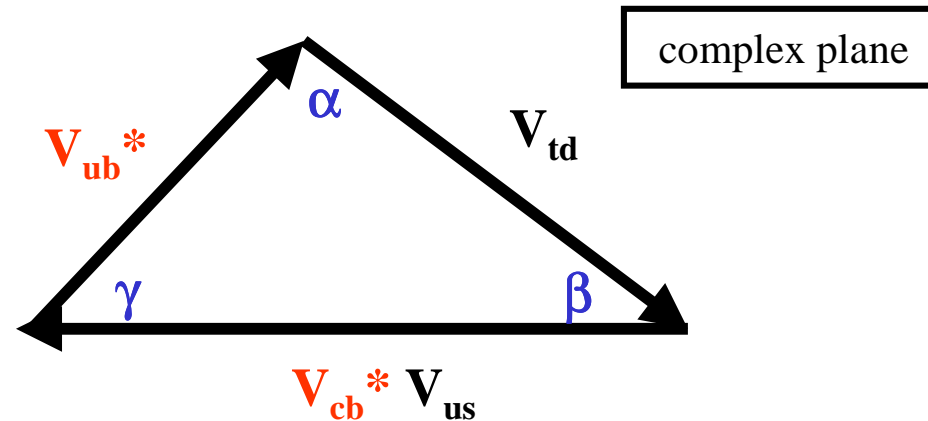
CURRENT UNCERTAINTIES IN QUARK MIXING PROBABILITIES & "GUESSTIMATED*" UNCERTAINTIES WITH 10^{10} ν INTERACTIONS



*values from Bigi et al.



Following on from the B Factories



The B factories etc. are trying to measure the angles α , β & γ to confirm that the unitarity triangle really is a triangle:

$$\beta + \alpha + \gamma = 180^\circ$$

feasible hard to measure

WOW

This test would *benefit enormously* from $O(3\%)$ measurements of the sides $|V_{ub}|$, $|V_{cb}|$ at a SB neutrino experiment !!



THOUGHT CANDY: CKM MEASUREMENTS WITH 50 TeV NEUTRINO BEAMS

Example of 100 TeV Muon Collider being Discussed at Snowmass



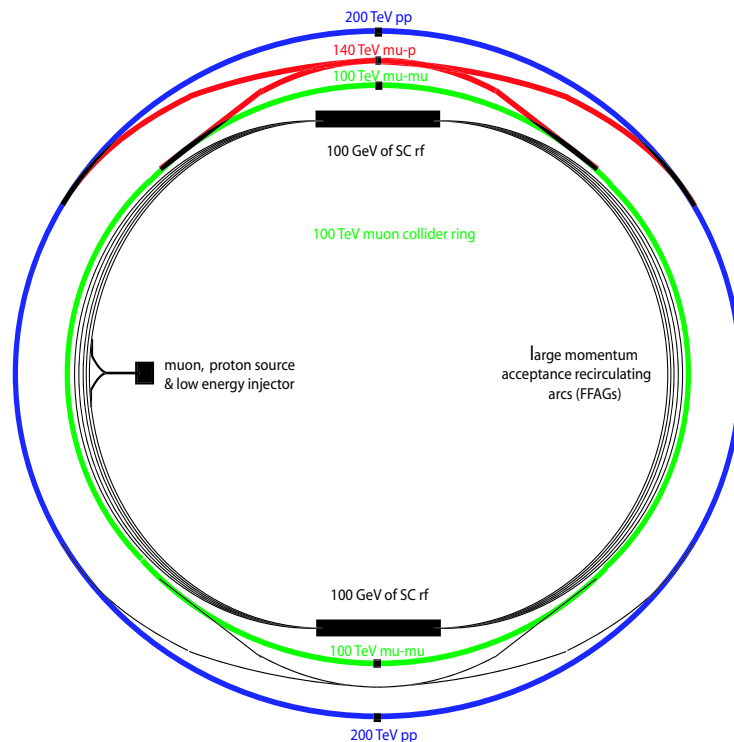
(was M1 Session last Saturday am)

Neutrino radiation => new, very isolated lab. for high luminosity Very Large Muon Collider (VLMC).

On balance, technical difficulties probably not much worse than for lower energy muon colliders.

(slightly less cooling needed; recent 30 TeV final focus design by Raimondi)

Schematic Layout showing Acceleration,
Muon Collider, Proton Collider & mu-p Collider



VLMC + VLHC symbiosis:

- ✓ common magnet R&D
- ✓ same tunnel, or side-by-side
- ✓ common acceleration to ~ 50 TeV/beam
 - full energy for muon collider
 - $\sim \frac{1}{2}$ energy for hadron collider
- ✓ mu-p collisions at $E_{\text{CoM}} \sim 140$ TeV



The potential neutrino
experiments at a 100
TeV muon collider can
be compared to a
super-luminous HERA

Comparison between HERA & the Neutrino Beams from Very High Energy Muon Colliders



For the ν beam:

$$L [\text{cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}] \sim N_{\text{Avo}} \times n_{\mu} [\text{s}^{-1}] \cdot f_{\text{ss}} \times I [\text{g} \cdot \text{cm}^{-2}]$$

$6 \times 10^{23}!$
 Luminosity Avogadro's # decays/sec in str. sec. target mass/area

Facility	E_{CoM}	LUMINOSITY*
HERA (2000 upgrade)	332 GeV	$7 \cdot 10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$
10 TeV mu collider	0 to 97 GeV	$3 \cdot 10^{38} \text{ cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$
100 TeV mu collider	0 to 306 GeV	$7 \cdot 10^{36} \text{ cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$

lifetime total of
1 inverse **femtobarn**

3 inverse **zeptobarn/year**

70 inverse **attobarn/year**

* n_{μ} as in HEMC'99 workshop straw-man parameter sets; $f_{\text{ss}}=0.02, 0.01$ for 5,50 TeV ν beams; $I = 300 \text{ g} \cdot \text{cm}^{-2}$

WOW! A million times the luminosity!

Cribbing off HERA Studies ...



Process	HERA (1 inverse femtobarn)	MURINE (1 inverse zeptobarn)
exotica with v. small cross-sections (σ)	may be limited by luminosity X	luminosity no problem!
W, Z boson production	$\sigma \sim 40 \text{ fb} \Rightarrow \sim 40 \text{ events}$ X Gaemers, Godbole & van der Horst*	$\sigma \ll 40 \text{ fb}$, $O(10^6)$ events at highest E_μ ?
Higgs production ($M_H \sim 120 \text{ GeV}$)	$\sigma \sim O(1 \text{ fb}) \Rightarrow \sim O(1) \text{ event}$ X Gaemers, Godbole & van der Horst*	up to $O(10^6)$ events at highest E_μ !
top quark production	$\sigma \sim O(1 \text{ fb}) \Rightarrow \sim O(1) \text{ event}$ X Baur & van der Bij; Ali et al.*	up to $O(10^6)$ events at highest $E_\mu \Rightarrow V_{td} , V_{ts} , V_{tb} $!
b quark production	$\sigma_{c \rightarrow b} \sim 12 \text{ fb} \Rightarrow \sim 12 \text{ events}$ X $\sigma_{u \rightarrow b} \sim O(1) \text{ fb} \Rightarrow O(1) \text{ event}$ X Godbole & Treichal; Ali et al.*	$O(10^7)$ events \Rightarrow best $ V_{cb} $! $O(10^6)$ events \Rightarrow best $ V_{ub} $!

CKM

*all refs.: Hamburg 1987, Proceedings DESY Workshop on Physics at HERA

CONCLUSIONS



Neutrino beams from muon colliders &/or neutrino factories hold the promise of unique direct measurements of the CKM elements $|V_{cd}|$, $|V_{cs}|$, $|V_{ub}|$ & $|V_{cb}|$ and, at the highest muon collider energies, possibly even $|V_{\tau}|$.